

# **β-Tubulin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Zebrafish Specific)**

## **Catalog No.: RCA33**

### **Basic Information**

#### **Information**

<b>Reactivity</b>	Zebrafish
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic Peptide
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Storage Buffer &amp; Condition</b>	1mg/ml in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
<b>Observed MW</b>	55KD

#### **Applications**

#### **Recommended Dilution**

<b>WB</b>	1:5,000-20,000
<b>IHC</b>	1:200
<b>IF</b>	1:200

#### **Preparation & Storage**

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Stable for one year from the date of shipment.
<b>Shipping</b>	Bule Ice

## Experimental Data



Western blot analysis of Zebrafish skeletal muscle with  $\beta$ -tubulin Mouse mAb(Zebrafish Specific) diluted at 1:5,000.

## Background

Microtubules are constituent parts of the mitotic apparatus, cilia, flagella, and elements of the cytoskeleton. They consist principally of 2 soluble proteins, alpha- and beta-tubulin, each of about 55,000 Da. Antibodies against beta Tubulin are useful as loading controls for Western Blotting. However it should be noted that levels of  $\beta$ -Tubulin may not be stable in certain cells. For example, expression of  $\beta$ -Tubulin in adipose tissue is very low and therefore  $\beta$ -Tubulin should not be used as loading control for these tissues.