ATG4c Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (F306) Catalog No.: RA20295

Basic Information

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Reactivity H,M,R

Immunogen Recombinant Protein

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Storage Buffer & Condition 1mg/ml in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol.

Observed MW 57KD

Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:100-200

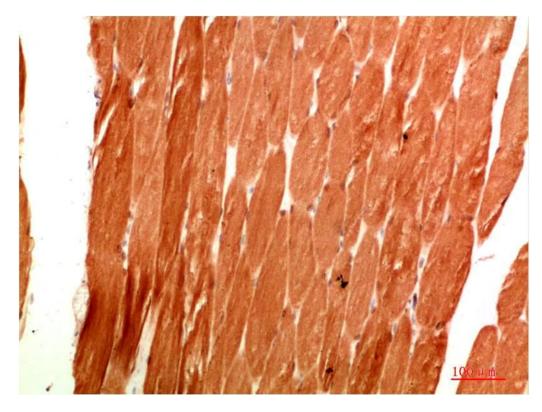
Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Storage Storage

shipment.

Shipping Bule Ice

Experimental Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Skeletal Muscle Tissue using ATG4c Rabbit pAb diluted at 1:200

Background

Autophagy is a catabolic process for the autophagosomic-lysosomal degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents. Control of autophagy was largely discovered in yeast and involves proteins encoded by a set of autophagy-related genes (Atg). Formation of autophagic vesicles requires a pair of essential ubiquitin-like conjugation systems, Atg12-Atg5 and Atg8-phosphatidylethanolamine (Atg8-PE), which are widely conserved in eukaryotes. Numerous mammalian counterparts to yeast Atg proteins have been described, including three Atg8 proteins (GATE-16, GABARAP, and LC3) and four Atg4 homologs (Atg4A/autophagin-2, Atg4B/autophagin-1, Atg4C/autophagin-3, and Atg4D/autophagin-4).