HSP70 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (3G10)

Catalog No.: RA10235

Basic Information

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Reactivity H,M,R,Pg

Immunogen Synthetic Peptide

Host Mouse

Isotype IgG1

Storage Buffer & Condition 1mg/ml in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol.

Observed MW 70KD

Applications	Recommended Dilution
Applications	Accommended Dilution

WB 1:1,000-2,000

IHC 1:200-500

IF 1:100-200

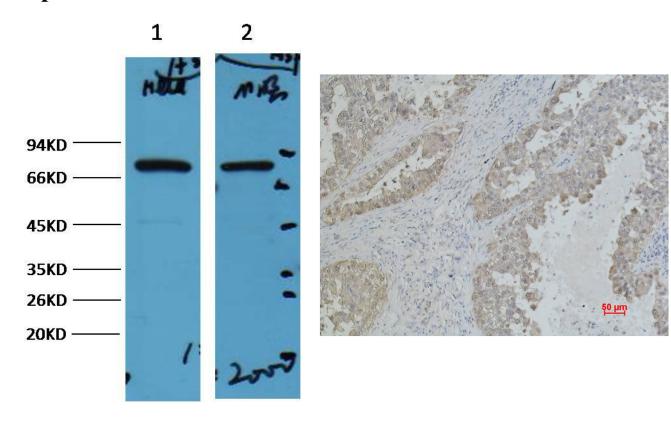
Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Storage Storage

shipment.

Shipping Bule Ice

Experimental Data



Western blot analysis of Pig Skeletal Muscle with HSP70 mAb diluted at 1:2,000.

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Lung caricnoma using HSP70 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:500.

Background

The 70 kilodalton heat shock proteins (Hsp70s) are a family of ubiquitously expressed heat shock proteins. Proteins with similar structure exist in virtually all living organisms. The Hsp70s are an important part of the cell's machinery for protein folding, and help to protect cells from stress. Hsp70 is usually in an ATP bound state. Hsp70 by itself is characterized by a very weak ATPase activity, such that spontaneous hydrolysis will not occur for many minutes. As newly synthesized proteins emerge from the ribosomes, the substrate binding domain of Hsp70 recognizes sequences of hydrophobic amino acid residues, and interacts with them. This spontaneous interaction is reversible, and in the ATP bound state Hsp70 may relatively freely bind and release peptides. However, the presence of a peptide in the binding domain stimulates the ATPase activity of Hsp70, increasing its normally slow rate of ATP hydrolysis.